

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 06/20/2018 Revision date: 04/15/2015

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Strip-It
Product code : 198-9205

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Floor strip products

#### 1.3. Supplier

RMAC Supplies Co. 1700 Palisade Avenue Teaneck, NJ 07666 T (718) 624-5157

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (800) 535-5053

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Skin corrosion/irritation H314

Category 1A

Full text of H statements : see section 16

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe dust/mist/spray

P264 - Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor

P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label)

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

# 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
butyl glycolether	(CAS No) 111-76-2	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Disodium metasilicate	(CAS No) 6834-92-0	1 - 5	Skin Corr. 1A, H314 STOT SE 3, H335
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, aqueous="" solutions<="" td=""><td>(CAS No) 1310-58-3</td><td>1 - 5</td><td>Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Skin Corr. 1A, H314</td></conc<50%,>	(CAS No) 1310-58-3	1 - 5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Skin Corr. 1A, H314
2-aminoethanol	(CAS No) 141-43-5	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical

advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately

call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

# 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

# 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : corrosive vapors.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

spillage. Store away from other materials.

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#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not breathe dust/mist/spray. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from heat, hot surfaces,

sparks, open flame and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container closed when not in

use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)			
Not applicable			
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, (1310-58-3)<="" aqueous="" solutions="" th=""></conc<50%,>			
ACGIH	Local name	Potassium hydroxide	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr	
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)			
ACGIH	Local name	2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm (2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE); USA; Time- weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	240 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm	
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)			
ACGIH	Local name	Ethanolamine	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & skin irr	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm	

# 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

# 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

# Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

#### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection protective gloves

### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield

### Skin and body protection:

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Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : Blue
Odor : Butyl

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 13

Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point :  $212 - 220 \,^{\circ}F$  Flash point : ≥ 200  $^{\circ}F$ 

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable. Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : Same as water

Relative density : 1.04

Solubility : Soluble in water. Log Pow : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates: corrosive vapors.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Not established.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : corrosive vapors.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

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Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Not classified

Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male/female, Read-across)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.06 mg/l/4h (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Read-across)
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<5< td=""><td>50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)</td></conc<5<>	50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)
LD50 oral rat	273 mg/kg (Rat)
ATE US (oral)	273 mg/kg body weight
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	435 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; 435 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Weight of evidence; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2.17 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 2.35 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	450 - 486 ppm/4h 450-486,Rat
ATE US (dermal)	435 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	450 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	2.17 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.17 mg/l/4h
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LD50 oral rat	1515 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male/female, Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	1018 mg/kg (24 h, Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data)
ATE US (oral)	1515 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1018 mg/kg body weight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	pH: 13
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Eye damage, category 1, implicit

pH: 13

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified

IARC group 3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Not classified

Disodium metasilicate	(6834-92-0)
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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure

: Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. **Toxicity**

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Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
LC50 fish 1	210 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Brachydanio rerio, Semi-static system,
	Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1700 mg/l (EU Method C.2, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across)
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, a<="" td=""><td></td></conc<50%,>	
LC50 fish 1	80 mg/l (96 h, Gambusia affinis)
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LC50 fish 1	150 mg/l (96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Fresh water)
EC50 Daphnia 1	140 mg/l (24 h, Daphnia magna)
2.2. Persistence and degradability	
Strip-It Strip-It	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, a<="" td=""><td>aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)</td></conc<50%,>	aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.71 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.2 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.305 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.31
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.34 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.49 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.32
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Strip-It Strip-It	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable. Not established.
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, a<="" td=""><td></td></conc<50%,>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Log Pow	0.81 (Experimental value; BASF test; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

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2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Log Pow	-1.91
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)		
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.	
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, (1310-58-3)<="" aqueous="" solutions="" td=""></conc<50%,>		
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the components available.	
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)		
Surface tension	0.027 N/m (25 °C)	
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)		
Surface tension	0.05 N/m	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.	

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1760 Corrosive liquids, n.o.s. (Contains Potassium Hydroxide), 8, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1760

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.

Contains Potassium Hydroxide

Class (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the

MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 30 L

CFR 175.75)

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

**DOT Vessel Stowage Other** 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters" Other information : No supplementary information available.

**TDG** 

Transport by sea

Air transport

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)

Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

# Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporing requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

**CERCLA RQ** 1000 lb

# butyl glycolether (111-76-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### 2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### 15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

# **National regulations**

No additional information available

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#### 15.3. US State regulations

Component	State or local regulations
Disodium metasilicate(6834-92-0)	
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%= <conc<50%, aqueous="" solutions(1310-58-3)<="" td=""><td></td></conc<50%,>	
butyl glycolether(111-76-2)	
2-aminoethanol(141-43-5)	

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Revision date : 04/15/2015 Other information : None.

#### Full text of H-phrases:

tort or it prinadoor	
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT

react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Personal protection : B

B - Safety glasses, Gloves

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

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